

## Prob. 1

Impulse response of plain reverberator with  $D = 10$  and  $a = 0.8$  is shown in Figure 1(a). The response agrees with Figure 8.2.6.

## Prob. 2

Impulse response of allpass reverberator with  $D = 10$  and  $a = 0.8$  is shown in Figure 1(b). The response agrees with equation 8.2.29.

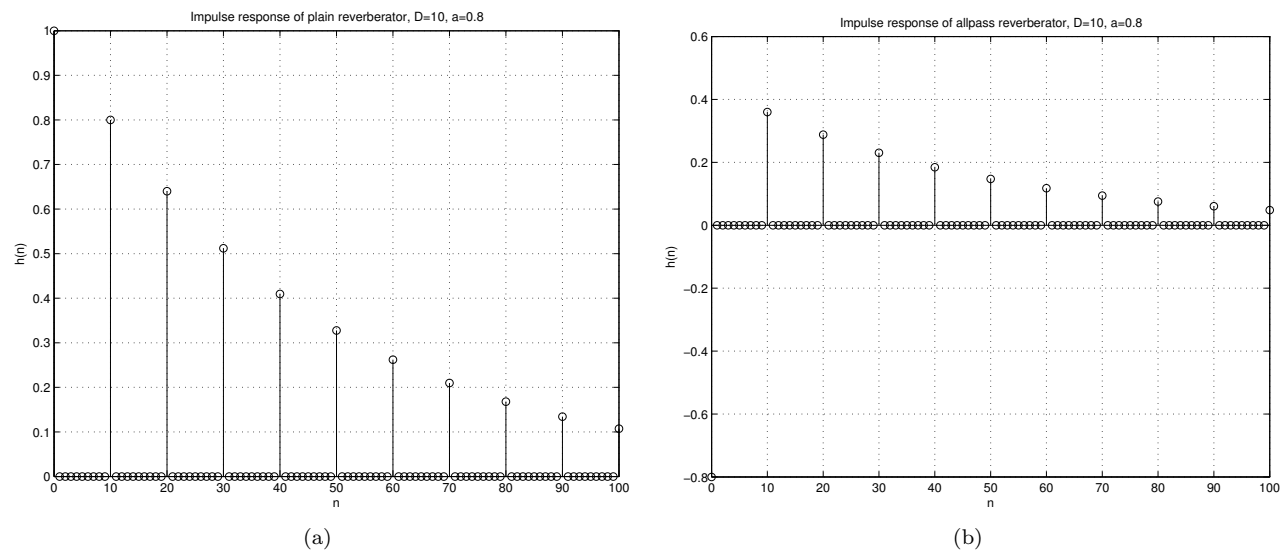


Figure 1: (a) Impulse response of plain reverberator and (b) impulse response of allpass reverberator.

## Prob. 3

Impulse response of Schroeder's reverberator is shown in Figure 2. The response agrees with Figure 8.2.19.

## Prob. 5

(a) The length  $L = 32$  rectangular window and magnitude response are shown in Figure 3. From the figure we see: the mainlobe height is  $L = 32$  which is equal to 30 dB, the mainlobe width is  $2\pi/L = 0.196$  rads/sample, the relative sidelobe height is about 13 dB, and the location of the spectral nulls is at  $k2\pi/L = 0.196k$ .

## Prob. 6

(a) The length  $L = 32$  Hamming window and magnitude response are shown in Figure 4. From the figure we see: the mainlobe height is  $0.54L = 17.28$  which is equal to 24.75 dB, the mainlobe width is  $c2\pi/L = 0.39$

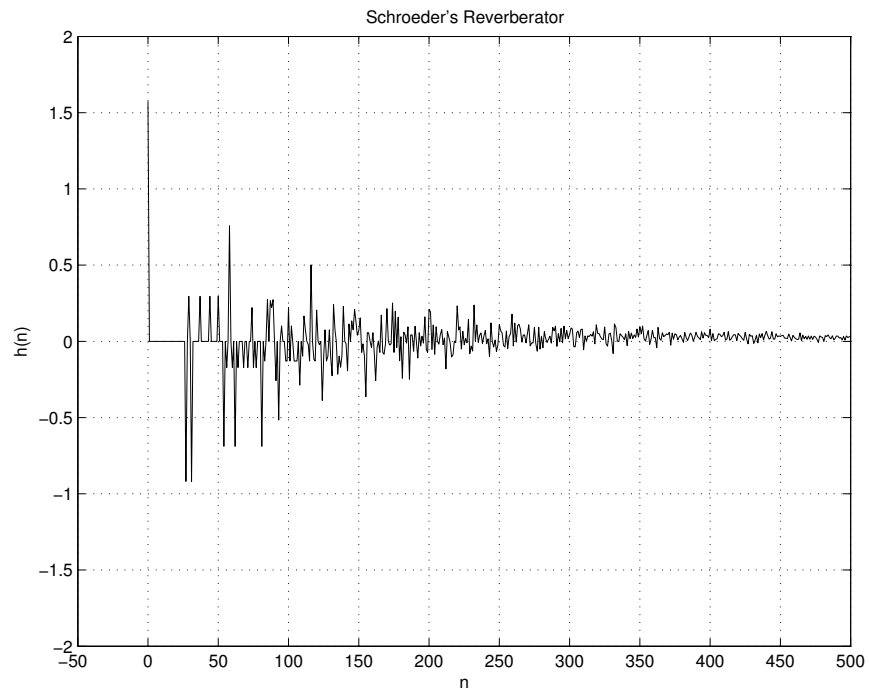


Figure 2: Impulse response of Schroeder's reverberator

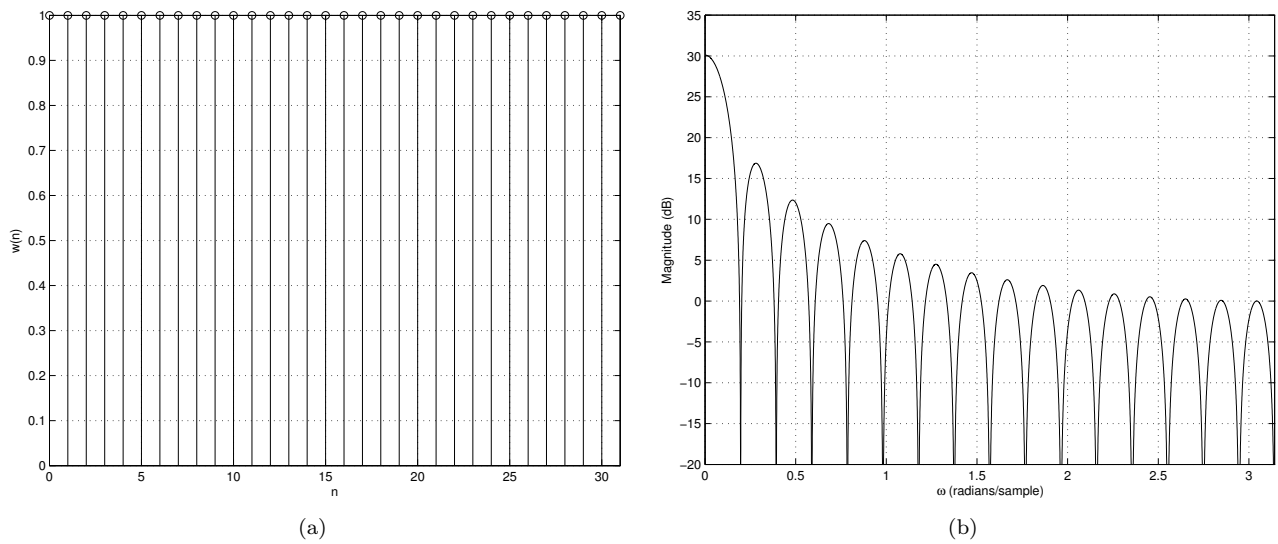


Figure 3: Plots for Prob. 5 (a) rectangular window and (b) magnitude response.

rads/sample ( $c \sim 2$ ), the relative sidelobe height is about 40 dB, and the location of the spectral nulls is at  $kc2\pi/L = 0.39k$ .

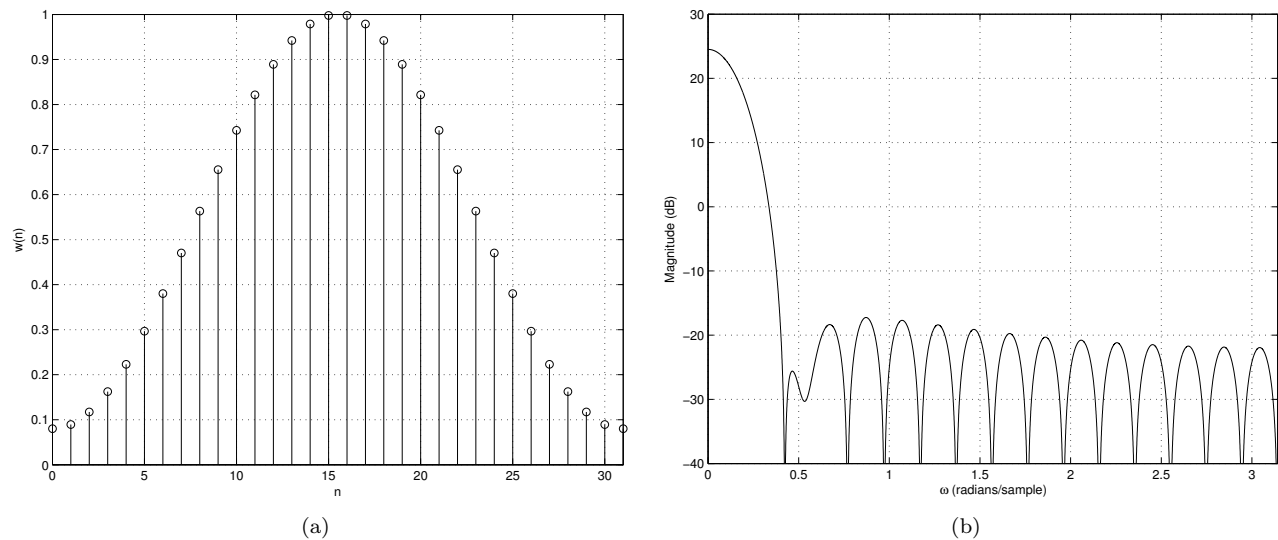


Figure 4: Plots for Prob. 6 (a) Hamming window and (b) magnitude response.

## Prob. 7

Recreation of plots for Example 9.1.3 can be found in Figure 5.

## Prob. 8

Recreation of plots for Example 9.1.4 can be found in Figure 6.

## Prob. 9

Recreation of plots for first column of Figure 9.3.2 can be found in Figure 7.

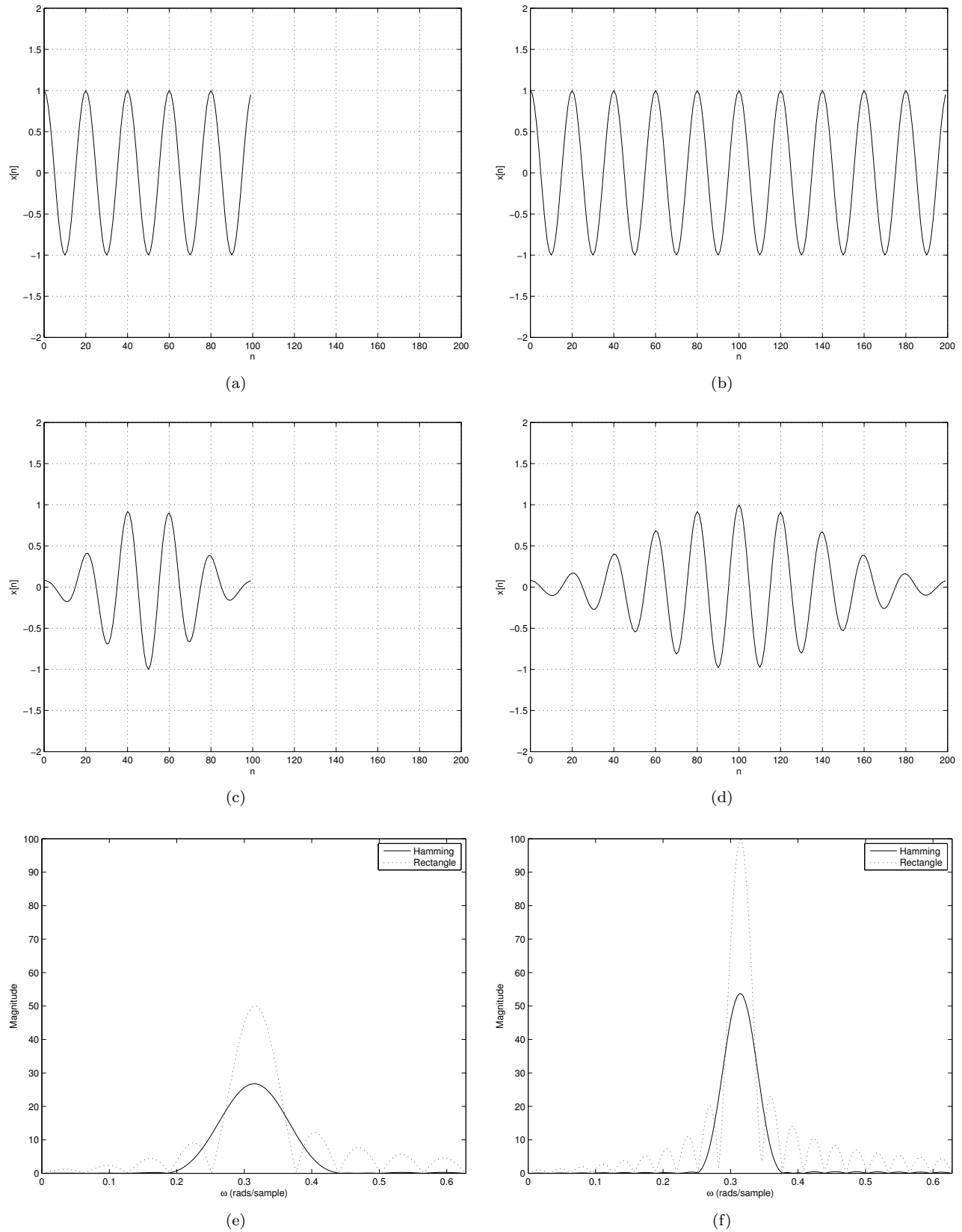


Figure 5: Plots for Prob. 7 (a) rectangularly windowed sinusoid with  $L = 100$ , (b) rectangularly windowed sinusoid with  $L = 200$ , (c) Hamming windowed sinusoid with  $L = 100$ , (d) Hamming windowed sinusoid with  $L = 200$ , (e) magnitude spectra for  $L = 100$ , and (f) magnitude spectra for  $L = 200$ .

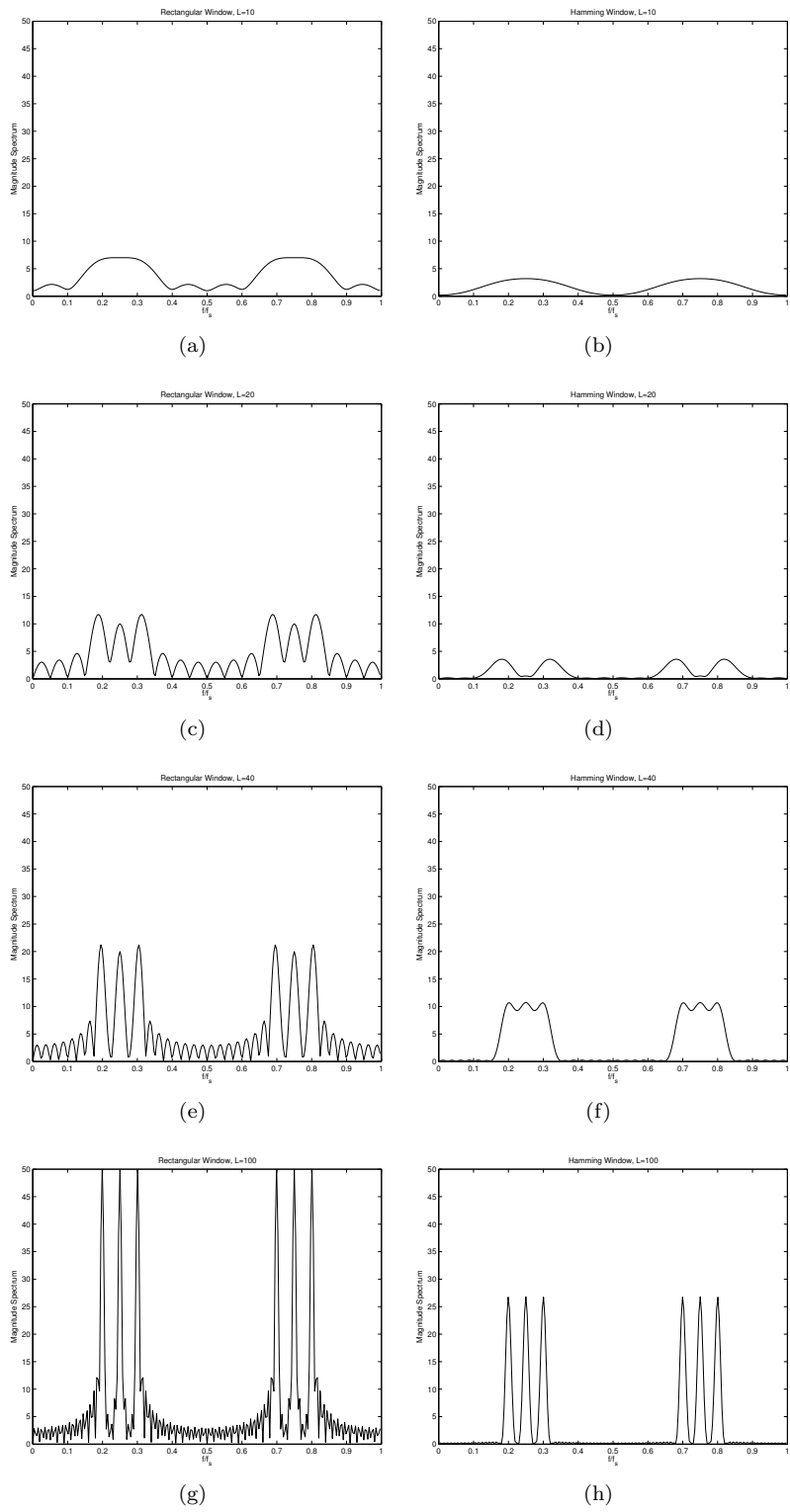


Figure 6: Plots for Prob. 8.

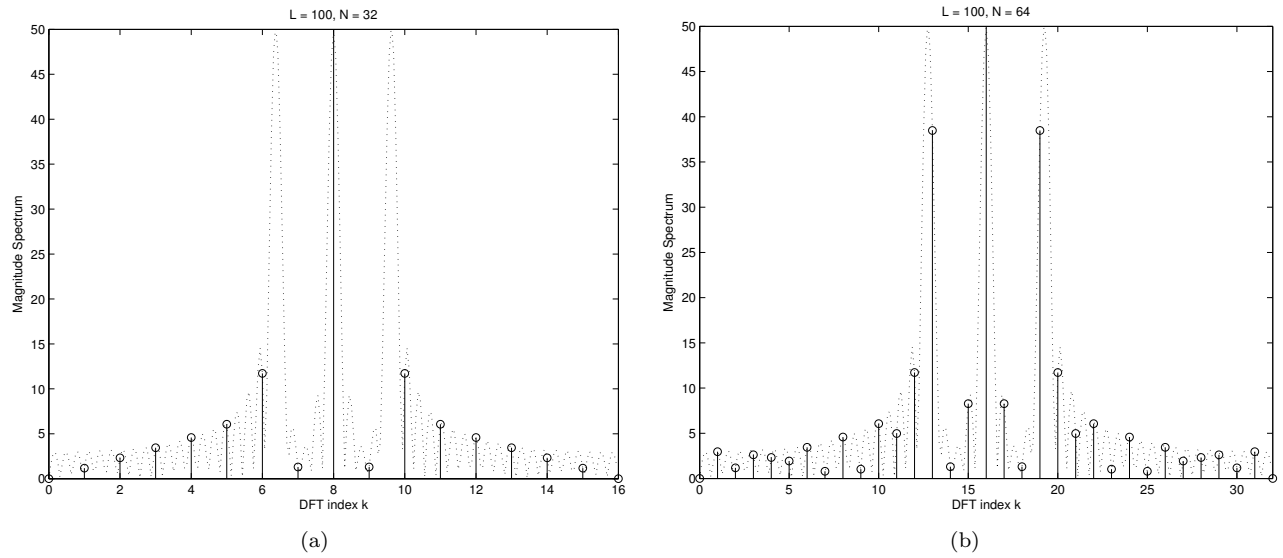


Figure 7: Plots for Prob. 9.